Understanding Burnout in High-Achieving Students: An Achievement Goal Theory Perspective Nadon, L., Frohlich, J., Daniels, L., Ross, S., Oswald, A., White, J., Babenko, O. UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

Background

- Students in professional education programs are experiencing burnout before entering the workforce.¹
- In careers such as medicine, burnout can compromise professionalism, negatively impact patient care, and lead to dropout.²
- Achievement Goal Theory (AGT) = relationship between achievement goals + personal/professional outcomes.³
- Few studies have used AGT to examine burnout specifically among high-achieving students.

	APPROACH	AV
MASTERY	Goals to <mark>develop</mark> competence (MAP)	Goals t feeling (MAV)
PERFORMANCE	Goals to demonstrate competence to others (PAP)	Goals to demor incomport others

Research Question: What are the relationships between different achievement goals and academic burnout among high-achieving students?

Method

- Quantitative data collected from 257 1st through 4th year medical students.
- Used an online questionnaire with existing scales to measure achievement goals⁵ and academic burnout.⁶
- Correlation coefficients and regression analyses used to examine relationships between/among variables.



Results

- **OIDANCE**
- to avoid incompetent
- to avoid nstrating petence to (PAV)



Correlation Coefficients

VARIABLES	1	2	3	
1. Burnout				
2. MAP goals	21**			
3. PAP goals	.01	.12		
4. PAV goals	.24**	53**	.21	
$C_{colo} D_{colo} D$				

<u>Scale Keliabilities</u>: Burnout ($\alpha = ./3$), MAP goals ($\alpha = ./9$), PAP goals ($\alpha = .78$), PAV goals (α = .81), MAV goals (α = .45) ** p≤ .01

Regression analyses showed that only performanceavoidance goals significantly predicted academic burnout $(\beta = .18, p = .02)$ Ex. Burnout Item. Ex. PAV Item. "When I am "I prefer to avoid studying or doing school work, I

situations in my program where I might perform poorly"

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often feel

emotionally

drained"

Discussion

who do not.

Findings:

- PAV goals.

Future research:

- academic achievement)
- protect from burnout.

References

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• Fascinating population to study: high-achieving students have obtained academic success regardless of goals, but achievement goals may now distinguish those who burn out from those

• Provide support for the maladaptive nature of

 Suggest that MAP goals alone may not protect students from academic burnout.

• Highlight the importance of motivation for the wellbeing of high-achieving students.

• Can be used to gain a better understanding of academic burnout and to inform the preparation of resilient professionals.

• Include additional outcome measures (e.g.

• Look at other factors (e.g. peer relatedness) that may work with achievement goals to

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